Course title: Operations Management				
Course code:	21IP711	Credits:	03	
Teaching hours/week:	L:3 T:0 P:0 S:1	Total teaching hours:	42	
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE: 03 hours		
Prerequisite: - Operation Research				

- To understand the role of operations management (OM) in the overall business strategy of the firm.
- To understand the interdependence of the operating system with other key functional areas of the firm.
- To identify and evaluate the key factors and their interdependence for operating systems effectively.
- To identify and evaluate a range of tools appropriate for analysis of operating systems of the firm.
- To understand the application of OMs policies and techniques for service & Manufacturing sectors.

Modules	Teaching hours
<b>Module I</b> Introduction to Operations, Operations Functions in Organizations, Historical development, Framework for managing operations, Operations in service industries Factors affecting Productivity, The environment of operations. Operations Decision Making: Introduction, Management as a science, Characteristics of decisions, Framework for decision making, Decision methodology.	8
<b>Module II</b> System Design and Capacity: Introduction, Manufacturing and Service Systems, Design and systems capacity, Capacity planning. Forecasting Demand: Forecasting objectives and uses, Forecasting variables, Opinion and Judgmental methods, Time series methods, Moving Average methods, Exponential smoothing, Trend adjusted Exponential Smoothing, Regression and correlation methods, Application and control of forecasts-Mean Absolute Deviation, BIAS, and Tracking Signal.	9
Module III Aggregate Planning and Master Scheduling: Introduction- planning and scheduling, Objectives of aggregate planning, Aggregate Planning Strategies, Aggregate planning methods, Master scheduling: objectives, Master scheduling methods. Material and Capacity Requirements Planning: Overview: MRP and CRP, MRP: Underlying concepts, System parameters, MRP logic, System refinements, Capacity management, CRP activities. Introduction to ERP-	11

		Module IV	
Scheduling and Controlling Production : Introduction, PAC, Objectives and Data requirements, Loading –Finite and Infinite Scheduling methodology, priority sequencing, capacity control. Single Machine Scheduling: Concept, measures of performance, SPT rule, Weighted SPT rule, EDD rule. Flow –Shop Scheduling: Introduction, Johnson's rule for 'n' jobs on 2 and 3 machines, CDS heuristic. Job-Shop Scheduling: Types of schedules, Heuristic procedure scheduling 2 jobs on 'm' machines			8
		Module V	6
Materials management: Scope and functions of Materials Management, Inventory control, purchasing and store keeping. Lean Systems: Seven Wastes in Lean, Introduction to JIT, The Kanban system, Kaizen, Six-Sigma, and Poke-Yoke.			0
<b>Question paper pattern:</b> There will be two questions from each module and students have to answer at least one question from each module. Each question will carry 20 marks and consists of 1 to 3 sub-questions.			
<ul> <li>Text books:</li> <li>1. Monks, J.G., Operations Management, McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1987.</li> <li>2. Pannerselvam. R., Production and Operations Management, PHI, 2012.</li> <li>3. Lee J Karjewski and Larry P Ritzman, Operations Management – strategy and Analysis, 6th Edn, Pearson Education Asia ,2009</li> <li>4. Anil kumar and Suresh – Operations Management – New Age Publishers</li> </ul>			
Reference Books:			
<ol> <li>Buffa, Modern Production/Operations Management, Wiely Eastern Ltd, 8e, 2003.</li> <li>Chary, S.N., Production and Operations Management, Tata-McGraw Hill, 5th edition, 2012.</li> <li>Chase Jacobs Aquilano, Operations Management for Competitive Advantages, 10th Edition, 2012, TMH</li> </ol>			
<b>E books and online course materials:</b> http://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/110102016/ http://bookboon.com/en/operations-management-ebook			
<b>Course outcomes:</b> On completion of the course, the student will have the ability to:			
Course Code	CO #	Course Outcome (CO)	
	CO1	Understand the historical development, current tren framework and functions relevant to the planning, operations of Manufacturing& Services.	nds in OM, design and
	CO2	Apply an appropriate technique to aid in decision mak to systems design, capacity planning and demand fore	ting relating casting.

21IP711	CO3	Differentiate between Aggregate Planning & Master Scheduling and use them for allocation of load, and apply MRP and CRP techniques to plan for materials and capacity. Discuss the various tools and techniques used for day to day resource, planning and scheduling and apply to different production systems		
	CO4			
	CO5	Discuss the principles of Materials Management and lean manufacturing systems		

Course title: Computer Integrated Manufacturing				
Course code:	21IP721	Credits:	03	
Teaching hours/week:	L:3 T:0 P:0	Total teaching hours:	42	
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE : 3 hours		

## **Prerequisite:**

- Manufacturing automation techniques
- CNC Machine Tools

# **Course Objectives:**

- To develop an understanding of the role of computer in manufacturing
- To introduce hardware and software components for soft automation.
- To provide an in-depth understanding of control of manufacturing, automated material handling, storage and retrieval systems.
- To introduce group technology and concurrent engineering, and develop skill in the developing automated process plans using variant and generative approaches
- To take up case studies on FMS and CIM systems.

Modules		
<b>Module I</b> Concept of Computer Integrated Manufacturing (CIM); Basic components of CIM; Distributed Database System; Distributed Communication System. Computer networks for manufacturing.	8	
<b>Module II</b> Computer Aided Design (CAD): CAD hardware and software; product modelling, automatic drafting, engineering analysis, FEM design review and evaluation. Future automated factory, CIPM, social and economic factors. Group Technology Centre.	8	
<b>Module III</b> Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM): Computer assisted NC part programming, Computer assisted robot programming, computer aided material requirements planning (MRP), computer aided production scheduling, computer aided inspection planning, Computer aided inventory planning.	10	
Module IV Flexible manufacturing system (FMS); concept of flexible manufacturing. Integrating NC machines, robots, AGVs and other NC equipment, Computer aided quality control.	8	
Module V Computer Integrated business functions, computer aided forecasting, office automation.	8	

#### **Question paper pattern:**

**CIE:** Question paper will be for 20 consisting of two questions carrying 10 marks each. Students have to answer both the questions.

**SEE:** There will be two questions from each module and students have to answer 5 questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question will carry 20 marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.

#### **Text books:**

CAD/CAM and Automation by Grover

#### **Reference Books:**

- CAD, CAM, CIM by P.Radhakrishnan and S.Subramanyan, New Age International Publishers.
- Computer Integrated Manufacturing by Paul G. Rankey, Prentice Hall.
- Computer Integrated Manufacturing by Harrington J. Jr., Industrial Press, Inc., New York.
- Computer Integrated Manufacturing by K.Rathmill and P.Macconal, IFS Publications.
- Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation S.R. Deb, TMH

#### **E** books and online course materials:

Computer Integrated Manufacturing (Kindle Edition)- by A.N. Venkateshwaran Alavudeen

Course outcomes: On completion of the course, the student will have the ability to:					
Course Code	CO#	Course Outcome (CO)			
	CO1	Use computers, networks, databases and communication systems for manufacturing products.			
21IP721	CO2	Use computer hardware and software for automation, design, analysis, group technology etc.			
	CO3	Program and use computer aided systems for manufacturing.			
	<b>CO4</b>	Use advanced technology in shop floor for manufacturing.			
	CO5	Use computers in business, forecasting and automation.			

Course title: Industry 4.0			
Course code:	21IP73OE21	Credits:	03
Teaching hours/week:	03	Total teaching hours:	42
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE : 3 hours	
Prerequisite:	otion CAD/CAM CIM		
Course Objectives:	auon, CAD/CAM, CIM	, VR, EIT and AI	
<ul> <li>Incorporate the advances in the field of industries.</li> <li>Learn Cyber Physical System</li> <li>Knowledge gaining of human Robot collaboration</li> <li>Adopt AI</li> <li>Gain safety and security of environment in organisation</li> </ul>			
Modules			Teaching hours
Module I 1: Introduction to Industry 4.0: Definition of Industry 4.0, What is it all about and why do we have to change industrial production, Comparison of Industry 4.0 Factory and today's Factory, the 10 most important things that will change with Industry 4.0, Difference between conventional automation and Industry 4.0. Basic principles and technologies of a Smart Factory: Internet of Things (IoT) & Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) & Internet of Services, Big Data, Cyber- Physical Systems, Value chains in manufacturing companies, Customization of products, Digital Twins, Cloud Computing / Cloud Manufacturing.			ut 0 h c & <b>08</b> · of
Module II 2. Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS) and Cyber-Physical Production Systems (CPPS): What are cyber-physical systems?, Definition: Core elements of Cyber- Physical Systems and Cyber-Physical Production Systems, Control theory and real-time requirements, Communication in cyber-physical systems, Design Methods for Cyber-physical Systems (Modelling, Programming, Model- Integrated Development), Applications for cyber-physical systems (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing, traffic, medical technology, etc.)			s  d 09 n  - f d
<b>3.Assistance systems for pro</b> 4.0 scenario, Diversity-driven in production), Human-and ta system for training employ Working" (AAW)), Mobile	Module III duction: The connected workplaces (barrier fre sk-centred assistance sy ees, etc.), Technical information technologie	worker within the Industree workplaces, accessibility with the state of the state o	y y e d n

systems, Production line support systems (pick by light, assembly display systems, assembly control by vision,), Applications assistance systems in production (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing)	
<b>The six main use-cases for Augmented Reality in Manufacturing:</b> AR-devices an Overview (different versions, Videos) • Use case 1: Integrating Design and Manufacturing • Use case 2: Training Shop floor Workers • Use case 3: Supporting complex Assembly Operations • Use case 4: Service and Maintenance • Use case 5: Supporting complex Sales solutions • Use case 6: Executive Oversight and Data Visualisation • Applications with Augmented Reality (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing)	
Module IV	
<b>4. Human-Robot Collaboration:</b> Human-Robot Collaboration in Industry, Collaborative Robots, tasks, examples (Yumi, IIWA, UR, Panda,), Types of Human-Robot Collaboration, Applications with Collaborative Robots (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing).	
<b>Interoperability:</b> Communication systems and standards for Industry 4.0, The Industry 4.0 Reference Architecture Mo4del RAMI4.0, Basics on Service oriented Architecture, OPC-UA as future standard in Industry 4.0, Machine to machine interaction in practice (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing)	08
<b>Cloud Manufacturing and the connected factory:</b> Virtualization, Cloud Platforms, Big data in production, Cloud-based ERP and MES solutions, Connected factory applications, Predictive Maintenance Data Visualisation, Using a Cloud Development Environment to develop a Predictive Maintenance Tool for Manufacturing. Cloud Development in practice (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing.	
Module V	
<b>5.</b> Artificial Intelligence in Production: Machine Learning Application, Basics of Machine Learning, The Machine Learning Process, Machine Learning in practice (examples of existing or future applications in the field of manufacturing); <b>Safety and Security in networked Production Environments:</b> What means Safety with Industry 4.0, Safety for connected Machines and Systems, Safety in Human Robot cooperation, How Industry 4.0 can optimise Safety, Security & Security Risks with Industry 4.0, Security and privacy risks in AI, Approach to Cyber-Physical Security in Industry 4.0.	08
Question paper pattern: CIF: Question paper will be for 20 consisting of two questions carrying 10 marks as	ch Studente
have to answer both the questions from each module and students have to answer selecting at least one question from each module. Each question will carry 20 marks	5 questions s and consist

of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.

Text books:

1. "Smart Industry: How to Implement Industry 4.0 Successfully" by Nikolaus Schües and Walter Brenner

2. "Industry 4.0: Technologies, Applications, and Challenges" by Bruno F.			
	Silva, N	Mohammad S. Obaidat, Pradeep Kumar, and Eric Pardede	
Reference Bo	oks:		
<ul> <li>"The Four</li> </ul>	th Indu	strial Revolution" by Klaus Schwab	
• "Design P	rinciple	s for Industry 4.0 Scenarios: The Case of Smart Factory" by Denis Coelho	
E books and o	nline c	ourse materials:	
Industri	ial Revo	olution 4.0 by Stanislaw Mazur	
Course out	tcomes		
On comple	etion of	the course, the student will have the ability to:	
Course Code	CO#	Course Outcome (CO)	
	<b>CO1</b>	Have learnt Industry 4.0	
	CO2	Learnt CPS	
21IP73OE21	<b>CO3</b>	Human Robot Collaboration	
	<b>CO4</b>	Knowledge of AI	
	CO5	Cyber Security	

Course title: BASICS OF NANOTECHNOLOGY AND SMART MATERIALS			
Course code:	21IP74OE31	Credits:	03
Teaching hours/week:	L:3 T:0 P:0	Total teaching hours:	42
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE : 3 hours	
Prerequisite:			

## • General Chemistry, Physics, Materials Science, Biology

# **Course Objectives:**

The primary objective of this course is to facilitate skills transfer from another relevant area of engineering or science and technology to the study of nanotechnology. Students will develop the capacity to:

- understand the basic scientific concepts underpinning nanoscience.
- understand the properties of materials and biomaterials at the atomic/molecular level and the scaling laws governing these properties.
- recognize and develop novel and innovative ideas.
- demonstrate ability in a range of laboratory methods, specifically the fabrication and characterization tools used in nanotechnology such as various microscopies, surface modifications and molecular level construction methods.
- embrace the multidisciplinary aspects of nanotechnology which is core to its understanding and engage positively with people and ideas in many disciplines.
- appreciate the emerging role of nanotechnology in society, the regulatory framework within which it operates and the ethical issues it raises.

Modules	Teaching hours
<b>Module I</b> Introduction: Fundamental Science behind nanotechnology (Electrons – atom and iron – Molecules – metals – other materials – Bio-system – molecular recognition – Electrical conduction and Ohm's Law – Quantum mechanics and quantum ideas – Optics). Visions and Objective of Nanotechnology.	05
Module II	05

Introduction and Definition of Nanotechnology : Introduction, Definition,	
Length scales, Importance of Nanoscale and Technology, History of	
Nanotechnology, Future of Nanotechnology: NanoTechnology Revolution,	
Silicon based Technology, Benefits and challenges in Molecular	
manufacturing: The Molecular assembler concept, Controversies and	
confusions, Understanding advanced capabilities	
Module III	
Measuring and Making Nanostructures: Scanning Probe instruments –	
Spectroscopy – Electrochemistry – Electron microscopy, Tools to make	
Nanostructures – Scanning Prope Instruments – Nanoscale Lithography	
–Dip pen Nanolithography – E-Beam Lithography – Nanosphere lift	10
off lithography – Molecular synthesis – Self assembly – Nanoscale	10
crystal growth – Polymerisation - Nano CAD.	
<b>Smart Materials:</b> Introduction to smart materials – Self – healing structures	
– Recognition – Seperation – Catalysis – Heterogeneous nanostructures and	
composites.	
Module IV	
Sensors: Encapsulation - consumer goods - Nanoscale sensors -	
Flectromagnetic sensor – Biosensors – Electronic noses	
Electroniughetie sensor Diosensors Electronie noses.	10
Nanotechnology in Different Fields: Automobile Electronics	10
<b>Hanolechnology in Different, Fields</b> . Automobile, Electronics,	
Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers,	
Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.	
Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.	
Nanobiotechnology Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product. Module V	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent,       Freus.       Automobile,       Electromes,         Nanobiotechnology,       Materials,       Medicine,       Dental care,       Nanocomputers,         Power storage,       Nanotechnology product.       Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drugs       Drug delivery       Photodynamic theraphy	12
Nanobiotechnology in Different, Freus: Automobile, Electromes, Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product. Module V Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nano-	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent,       Freus.       Automobile,       Electronics,         Nanobiotechnology,       Materials,       Medicine,       Dental care,       Nanocomputers,         Power storage,       Nanotechnology product.       Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drugs       Drug delivery       Photodynamic theraphy         Molecular motors       neuro-electronic interfaces       protein engineering       Nano-luminescent tags.	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent,       Freues.       Automobile,       Electronics,         Nanobiotechnology,       Materials,       Medicine,       Dental care,       Nanocomputers,         Power storage,       Nanotechnology product.       Module V       Biomedical Applications:       Drugs       Drug delivery       Photodynamic theraphy       –         Molecular motors       neuro-electronic interfaces       protein engineering       –       Nano-luminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future       Assumptions       Latest Developments       Nano-conters       Nanotubes       Biosensors       Nano	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent,       Freus.       Automobile,       Electronics,         Nanobiotechnology,       Materials,       Medicine,       Dental care,       Nanocomputers,         Power storage,       Nanotechnology product.       Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drug       Drug delivery –       Photodynamic theraphy –         Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.       Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future         Assumptions,       Latest Developments,       Nano-copters,       Nanotubes,       Biosensors,       Nano         structure fluid,       Computers,       Plastic electronics,       Light emitting diodes,       Solar cells,	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent,       Freues.       Automobile,       Electronics,         Nanobiotechnology,       Materials,       Medicine,       Dental care,       Nanocomputers,         Power storage,       Nanotechnology product.       Module V       Biomedical Applications:       Drug       delivery –       Photodynamic theraphy –         Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.       Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future         Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments	12
Nanobiotechnology in Different, Frieds: Automobile, Electronics, Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product. Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nano- luminescent tags. Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments	12
Nanobiotechnology       Interent, Frictis: Automobile, Electronics, Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:         CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r	12 narks each.
Nanotechnology       In Different, Freus. Automobile, Electronics, Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:         CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.	12 narks each.
Nanobiotechnology       In Different, Frends. Futures. Nanocomputers.         Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:         CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question we store the store of the store store of t	12 narks each. o answer 5 rill carry 20
Nanotechnology       In Different, Frichs: Automobile, Electronics, Electronics, Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:         CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question w marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.	12 narks each. o answer 5 rill carry 20
Nanobiotechnology       In Different, Frictis: Automobile, Electronics, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nano-luminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters, Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:       CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question w marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.         Text books:	12 narks each. o answer 5 rill carry 20
Nanotechnology       Interent, Frichs. Future. Future.         Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drug = Drug delivery = Photodynamic theraphy = Molecular motors = neuro-electronic interfaces = protein engineering = Nano-luminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:       CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question warks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.         Text books:       Mark Ratner & Daniel Ratner, "Nano Technology", Pearson Education (Development and Students have and Consist of a maximum of a sub-question selection of the student and stud	12 narks each. o answer 5 vill carry 20 (Singapore)
Nanobiotechnology       In Differenti, Frends. Futurities. Futurities.         Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications:       Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy – Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology:       Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters , Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:       CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question wmarks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.         Text books:       Mark Ratner & Daniel Ratner, "Nano Technology", Pearson Education (Pvt.Ltd., 482, F.I.E. Patparganj, 2003, Delhi –110 092.	12 narks each. o answer 5 vill carry 20 (Singapore)
Nanotechnology       Im Different, Preus. Futures. Futures. Futures. Futures. Futures.         Nanobiotechnology, Materials, Medicine, Dental care, Nanocomputers, Power storage, Nanotechnology product.         Module V         Biomedical Applications: Drugs – Drug delivery – Photodynamic theraphy –         Molecular motors – neuro-electronic interfaces – protein engineering – Nanoluminescent tags.         Latest Developments in Nanotechnology: Introduction, Current situation, Future Assumptions, Latest Developments, Nano-copters, Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells, Other Developments         Question paper pattern:         CIE: Question paper will be for 40 consisting of 4 questions carrying 10 r Students have to answer both the questions.         SEE: There will be two questions from each module and students have t questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question w marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.         Text books:         Mark Ratner & Daniel Ratner, "Nano Technology", Pearson Education (Pvt.Ltd., 482, F.I.E. Patparganj, 2003, Delhi –110 092.         Reference Books:         1       Michelle, Simmons, "NanoTechnology", Pariso, Sciance, and	12 narks each. o answer 5 vill carry 20 (Singapore)

2. Bharat Bhushan, " Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology", Springer, February 2004.

3. Frank J. Owens, "Introduction to Nanotechnology", Willey –Inter-science, May 2003.

<ul><li>E books and online course materials:</li><li>Nanotechnology by Wikibooks, 2010</li></ul>					
Course ou On comple	Course outcomes: On completion of the course, the student will have the ability to:				
Course Code	Code CO# Course Outcome (CO)				
	CO1	have a sound knowledge in multidisciplinary areas of nanoscience.			
21IP74OE31	CO2	be prepared to work in a high tech work force or pursue a research higher degree in Nanotechnology.			
	CO3	design and carry out experiments using both classical and novel science techniques and Protocols.			
	CO4	appreciate that there are the relationships and connections across the sciences and non-science disciplines are core to nanotechnology and understand such relationships and connections.			
	CO5	Students can work in the latest developments of nano- technology like, Nanotubes, Biosensors, Nano structure fluid, Computers, Plastic electronics, Light emitting diodes, Solar cells			

Course title: Project			
Course code:	21IPP75	Credits:	10
Contact hours/week:	10	Total teaching hours:	-
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE: 03 hours	

In phase-II, the project batch has to execute and complete the project. The batch is required to present two seminars about the progress of the project during the semester; the batch shall submit a project report at the end of the semester on the dates announced by department, viva voce will be conducted batch wise after submission of the report.

# **CIE Evaluation Scheme**

Criteria	Execution of	Progress	Presentation	Report
	work	report		writing
Weightage	30%	30%	20%	20%
<b>P</b> 1	<b>D</b>	G 11	<b>D</b> 1 1	<u>a.:</u>
Evaluator	Project review	Guide	Project review	Guide
	team		team	

# **Course outcomes:**

Course Code	CO #	Course Outcome (CO)
	CO1	perform self study and exhibit the skills of self learning by demonstrating sound technical knowledge on the topic selected for project work
21IPP751	CO2	execute the selected task with team work as per the plan and schedule demonstrating ethics and professional responsibility
	CO3	design solution to selected complex engineering problem using modern tools and provide reasonably acceptable solution to satisfy desired goals, and environmental sustainability
	CO4	prepare a well organized and compiled thesis
	CO5	Communicate technical results, information and conclusions to others by means of formal presentations.

Course title: Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs)				
Course code:	21AEC76	Credits:	02	
Teaching hours/week:	-	Total teaching hours:	-	
CIE: 50	SEE: 50	SEE: -		
Course Objectives:				

Students to register for MOOCs like NPTEL, SWAYAM etc of their interest which will count covered in the Program and appear for the online examination. After successful completion of the course students should submit the certificate to the Controller of Examination

Course Title: Digital Manufacturing			
Course code:	21IP73OE22	Credits:	03
Teaching hours/week:	03	Total teaching hours:	42
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE: 03 hours	
•			

The objectives of the course is to make the student understand the concept of Digital Manufacturing, software and devices required, computer languages used to develop the content, utilize this knowledge to develop the applications for prototyping, simulations, training, etc.

Modules	Teaching hours
Module I Introduction to Digital Manufacturing: Definition of digital manufacturing, Historical perspective on industrial production and outlook, Industrial Revolutions, Industry 4.0, Cyber-physical system, Factory of the future, Operation Mode and Architecture of Digital Manufacturing System. Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the student will be able to 1.discuss on the historical perspective on industrial production (L2) 2.explain on the concept of Industry 4.0 (L2) 3.explain the architecture of digital manufacturing system. (L2)	8
<b>Module II</b> Cad Modeling: Design process and role of CAD, Types and applications of design models, Three dimensional modelling schemes, Wire frames and surface representation schemes, Solid modelling - Parametric modelling, Assembly modelling. Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the student will be able to 1.discuss on design process and role of CAD (L2) 2.explain the types and applications of design models (L2) 3.summerize on three dimensional modelling schemes (L2)	8
Module III Reverse Engineering: Need, Reverse engineering process, Reverse engineering hardware and software, Geometric model development. Computer Aided Manufacturing: Component modelling, Machine and tool selection, Defining process and parameters, Tool path generation, Simulation, Post processing. Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the student will be able to 1.explain the need of reverse engineering (L2) 2.discuss on hardware and software used in reverse engineering (L2) 3.explain on tool selection and process and parameters in computer aided manufacturing (L2).	8
Module IV	8

Additive Manufacturing for Digital Transformation: Introduction to additive manufacturing, Additive manufacturing process chain, Material selection, Manufacturing, Post processing, Additive manufacturing technologies and processes, Vat photo polymerization, Material extrusion, Material jetting, Sheet lamination, Powder bed fusion, Binder jetting, Planning and slicing additive manufacturing software.	
Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the student will be able to	
1.explain the additive manufacturing process chain (L2)	
2.discuss on classification of additive manufacturing process based on initial state of materials (L2)	
3.explain the processes used in additive manufacturing for a range of materials (L2)	
Module V	10
<b>Concept Modelers, Translators and 3D Printing Software:</b> Introduction, Principle, Thermo jet printer, Sander's model market, 3- D printer, Genisys Xs printer, JP system 5, object quadra System-Rapid proto typing. Standard interface to convey geometric description from CAD package to Rapid prototyping system, Stereo Lithography (STL)file, Initial Graphics Exchange Specification(IGES)file, Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language(HP/GL) file.	10
Additive manufacturing software for editing features and to export files to printers: Ansys, Autodesk Netfabb, 3dSystems, Materialise Magics, Solid Edge, Amphyon.	
Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the student will be able to	
1.explain the principle and working of 3D printers (L2)	
2.discuss on suitable interface to convey geometric description from CAD package to RP system (L2)	
3.explain on suitable software for editing features and to export files to printers (L2)	
Question paper pattern:	
<b>CIE:</b> Question paper will be for 20 marks, consisting of two questions carryin each. Students have to answer both the questions.	ng 10 marks
<b>SEE:</b> There will be two questions from each module and students have a questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question we marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.	to answer 5 vill carry 20
<ul> <li>I. Zude Zhou Shane (Shengquan) Xie Dejun Chen,"Funda DigitalManufacturing Science"Springer Series in Manufacturing,2012 (Unit-I)</li> <li>2. Ibrahim Zeid and Sivasubramanian R, "CAD/CAM - Theory an Tata McGraw Hill Education 2011 (Unit-II)</li> </ul>	mentals of Advanced d Practice",

- 3. Vinesh Raja and Kiran J Fernandes, "Reverse Engineering- An Industrial Perspective", Springer-Verlag, 2008 (Unit-III)
- 4. Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and Lim C.S., Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications, 3rd Edition, World scientific publications, 2014.(Unit-IV&V)

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Pham D T and Dimov S, "Rapid Manufacturing: The Technologies and Applications of Rapid Prototyping", Springer-Verlag, 2001.
- 2. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", Springer, 2005.
- 3. Antti Saaksvuori and Anselmi Immonen, "Product Lifecycle Management", Springer, 2004.

## **Course outcomes:**

Course Code	CO #	Course Outcome (CO)			
	CO1	Explain Architecture of Digital Manufacturing System (L2)			
21IP73OE22 CO2 Discuss on the role of CAD and design process manufacturing (L2)					
C03		Explain the application of reverse engineering / discuss on techniques for processing of CAD models for digital manufacturing (L2)			
	CO4	<ul> <li>Explain the principal and process involved in development of parts by additive manufacturing (L2)</li> <li>Discuss on the use of digital manufacturing equipment / explain the role of software in digital manufacturing (L2)</li> </ul>			
	CO5				

Course title: Mechatronics			
Course code:	21IP712	Credits:	03
Teaching hours/week:	03	Total teaching hours:	42
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE: 03 hou	irs
	Prerequisite-	-	
<ul> <li>Course Objectives:</li> <li>To educate students a</li> <li>2. Encouraging them Technology for all fie</li> </ul>	bout the Mechatronics to understand and pa lds of engineering	and its components. articipate in endower of	Automation
	Modules		Teaching hours
<b>Module I</b> Definition of Mechatronics, Multi-disciplinary scenario, origins. Evaluation of Mechatronics An over view of Mechatronics, Design of Mechatronics system. Measurements system and function of main elements of measurement systems. Need for Mechatronics in industries. Objectives, advantages and disadvantages of Mechatronics. Microprocessor based controllers. Principle of working of automatic camera, engine management system, automatic washing machine. Definition and classification of transducers (No detailed discussions on different type of transducers)			9
Module II Definition and classification of sensors. Principle of working and applications of light sensors, proximity sensors and Hall Effect sensors. MICROPORCESSOR: Introduction, Microprocessor based digital control. Digital member system, binary and hexadecimal number system, Logic functions, Data word representation basic Elements of control systems.			9
<b>Module III</b> Microprocessor Architecture: 8085A processor architecture Terminology- such as. CPU memory and address. ALU, assembler, data registers. Fetch cycle; write cycle, state, bus interrupts. Elements of Machine: Structure, guide ways - Friction, Antifriction and Frictionless guide ways. Merits and demerits. Drives - Recalculating ball screw and nut. Concept of stick-slip phenomenon, Concept of Preloading of ball nuts. Roller screw - planetary roller screw, recalculating roller screw. Spindle and spindle bearings in machine tool.			8
Electrical Actuators : Actuator system with examp Method of Preventing be Darlington pair. Electrica	Module IV Lator and actuator sy les. Mechanical switch puncing of mechanic l actuator. Hydraulic	stem. Classifications of nes. Concept of bouncing cal Triacs, Transistors, cs Actuators; Valves -	8

Classifications, Pressure Control vales - Pressure relief values, Pressure regulating/reducing valves, Pressure sequence valve.	
<b>Module V</b> Flow control valves - Principle, needle valve, globe valve. Direction control valve - sliding spool valve, solenoid operated. Symbols of hydraulic elements. SIGNAL CONDITIONING: Concept, necessity, op-amps, protection, filtering, wheat stone bridge - Digital - Multiplexer. data acquisition.	8

### **Question paper pattern:**

**CIE:** Question paper will be for 20 consisting of two questions carrying 10 marks each. Students have to answer both the questions.

**SEE:** There will be two questions from each module and students have to answer 5 questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question will carry 20 marks and consist of a maximum of 4 sub-questions.

## Text books:

1. Mechatronics - Principles, Concepts and applications – Nitaigour and Premchand, Mahilik - Tata McGraw Hill -2003

2. Mechatronics - W. Bolton, Pearson Education Asia - 2nd Edition 2000

### **Reference Books:**

1. Automatic to Mechatronics and measurement systems - David G. Alciatore& Michel BiHistad - Tata McGraw Hill - 2000

2. Mechatronics - H.D. Ramachandra - Sudha Publication - 2003, Mechatronics by HMT Ltd. Tata McGraw Hill - 2000

3. Mechatronics System design by Devadas Shetty and Richard A. Kark - Thomas Learning - 1997.

4. Mechatronics an Introduction by Robert H Bishop - CRC

5. Mechatronics systems Fundamental by Rolf Isermann - Springer

#### **Course outcomes:**

Course Code	CO#	Course Outcome (CO)			
	CO1	Understand Mechatronics, multidisciplinary scenario, mp based controllers, transducers.			
	CO2	Learn sensors, microprocessor, logic control, control system, number system			
21IP712	CO3	Explain m p architecture, elements of machine structure, guide ways, bearings			
	CO4	understand electrical actuators, hydraulic actuators, bouncing and de bouncing of switches			
	CO5	Analyze flow control valves, signal conditioning, op amps, multiplexers			

Course title: Project Management					
Course code:	21IP722	Credits:	03		
Teaching hours/week:	03	Total teaching hours:	42		
CIE: 50 marks	SEE: 50 marks	SEE: 03 hou	rs		
	Prerequisite -	-			
<ul> <li>Course Objectives:</li> <li>To provide an insight about Project Life Cycle, Project Team &amp; Project Scheduling.</li> <li>To expose the Students to the applications of tools &amp; techniques of Project Management.</li> <li>To understand Project co-ordination &amp; control methods</li> <li>To know the various performance measures in project management</li> </ul>					
Modules					
<b>Module I</b> Concepts of Project Management: Concept of a Project, Categories of projects, Phases of project life cycle, Roles and responsibilities of project leader, tools and techniques for project management					
Module II Project Planning and Estimating: Feasibility report, phased Planning, Project planning steps, objectives and goals of the project, preparation of cost estimation, evaluation of the project profitability					
<b>Module III</b> Organizing and Staffing The Project Team: Skills and abilities required of project manager, Authorities and responsibilities of project manager, Project organization and types, accountability in project execution, controls, tendering and selection of contractors					
<b>Module IV</b> Tools & Techniques of Project Management: Bar (GANTT) chart, bar chart for combined activities, logic diagrams and networks, Project evaluation and review Technique (PE'RT) and Critical path method (CPM) Planning. Co-ordination and control, role of MIS					
Module V Performance Measures in Project Management: Performance indicators, Performance improvement for the CM & DM companies for better project management, Project management and environment. Case studies in project management covering project planning, scheduling, use of tools and techniques and performance measurement					

**CIE:** Question paper will be for 20 consisting of two questions carrying 10 marks each. Students have to answer both the questions.

**SEE:** There will be two questions from each module and students have to answer 5 questions selecting at least one question from each module. Each question will carry 20 marks and consist of a maximum of 3 sub-questions.

### **Text books:**

- 1 Chaudhry S., Project Management.
- 2. Project Management a System approach to Planning Scheduling & Controlling, Harold

Kerzner, CBS Publishers and Distributors.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Project Management Beningston Lawrence-McGraw Hill-1970.
- 2. PERT & CPM L.S. Srinath, Affiliated East West Press Pvl. Ltd.
- 3. A Management Guide to PERT and CPM, WEIST & LEVY, Eastern Economy of PHI
- 4. Project Management with PERT and CPM, ModerJosep and Phillips cerel R., 2nd edition,

New York VAN Nostrand, Reinhold- 1976

5. Project Planning analysis selection implementation & review - Prasannachandra, ISBNO-07-

462049-5..

6. Project planning, Scheduling & control, James P. Lewis, Meo Publishing company.

#### **Course outcomes:**

Course Code	CO #	Course Outcome (CO)		
21IP722	CO1	Identify categories of projects and also roles and responsibilities of a Project leader.		
	CO2	Plan and prepare estimate for a given project		
	CO3	Perform tendering and selection of contractors in a project		
	CO4	Evaluate project work with respect to time frame of completing a project.		
	CO5	Assess the performance in a project by performance indicators		

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT					
Subject Code : 21IP74OE32	Credits:3	CIE: 50			
Number of Lecture	3:0:0Hrs	SEE: 50			
Hours/Week(L:T:P)					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	42	SEE Hours	:: 03		
Prerequisites: Nil					
Course Objectives:					
• To understand the basic principl	es of software proje	ct management			
• To have a good knowledge of pr	roject selection and	estimation			
• To understand the project risks a	and plan activities				
• To have a understanding of mon	itoring and control	of projects			
• To understanding the managing	of teams and quality	y aspects			
	-	-			
MO	ODULES		Teaching		
	Madula I		Hours		
DROJECT DI ANNUNC AND DR	MOQUIE-1	TION. Increase of			
PROJECT PLANNING AND PRO	UJECI EVALUA	<b>TION:</b> Importance of			
Software Project Management – Act	tivities Methodolog	les – Categorization of			
Software Projects – Setting ob	jectives –Project	success and failure,	00 11		
Management Principles – Manageme	ent Control – Traditi	onal vs Modern Project	08 Hrs		
management practices, Project	portfolio Manage	ment – Cost-benefit			
evaluation technology – Risk evalu	ation – Strategic pi	ogram Management –			
Stepwise Project Planning.					
M	odule-II				
APPROPRIATE PROJECT SELF	ECTION AND EF	FORT ESTIMATION			
: Selecting appropriate project appro-	oach, Build or Buy,	Software process and			
Process Models – choosing methodo	ologies and technolo	gies, Choice of Process	09 Hrs		
models - Waterfall model, Spiral model, software prototyping, incremental					
delivery, Rapid Application development - Agile methods - Extreme					
Programming – SCRUM – Managing interactive processes – Basics of Software					
estimation – Effort and Cost estimation techniques – COSMIC Full function					
points - COCOMO II A Parametric Productivity Model - Staffing Pattern.					
	Module-III				
ACTIVITY PLANNING AND	RISK MANAGEN	<b>MENT:</b> Objectives of			
Activity planning – Project schedule	es – Activities – Seq	uencing and scheduling,			
Gantt chart, - Network Planning r	models – Forward	Pass & Backward Pass			
techniques – Critical path (CRM)	method –Risk, c	ategories of risk, Risk			
identification – Assessment – Monitoring – PERT technique – Monte Carlo					
simulation – Resource Allocation, I	Nature of Resource	$s_{1}$ – Creation of critical			
patients – Cost schedules.					

	Module- IV			
<b>PROJECT MONITORING AND CONTROL:</b> Framework for Management and control – Collection of data Project termination – Visualizing progress – Cost monitoring – Earned Value Analysis- Project tracking – Change control- Software Configuration Management – Managing contracts, Types, Terms, Contract Management, Software Quality-Importance of software quality, Quality management systems, Quality Plans.				
	Module– V			
STAFFING IN Organizational b Oldham-Hackma – Working in tea Team Structures, plans, Leadership	<b>SOFTWARE PROJECTS:</b> Managing people – behavior – Best methods of staff selection – Motivation – The an job characteristic model – Ethical and Programmed concerns ams – Decision making – Team structures, Organisation and s, – Virtual teams – Communications genres – Communication ip.	08 Hrs		
<b>Question Paper</b>	· Pattern			
The question pap There will be 2 The students wi module. <b>Text book:</b> 1. Bob Hughe Fifth Edition, T	per will have ten questions. 2 questions from each module, covering all the topics from a modul will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting ONE full question fro es, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: Software Project Management – Fata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.	le. om each		
ReferenceBook 1. Rober Public 2011 2. Walker 3. Gopala Hill Educat 4. Pankaj	ks: ert K. Wysocki "Effective Software Project Management" – Wiley ication, 1 er Royce: "Software Project Management"- Addison-Wesley, 1998 aswamy Ramesh, "Managing Global Software Projects" – McGrav tion (India), Fourteenth Reprint 2013. j Jalote – Software Project management in Practice	3. W		
Course outcon On completion Course code	mes: n of the course, the student will have the ability to: CO Course Outcome (CO) # CO1 Describe the basic concepts of software project management	t		
21IP74OE32	<b>CO2</b> Apply project selection and estimation techniques in real wo	orld		
	<ul> <li>CO3 Identify and apply the techniques like CPM, PERT and risk management</li> <li>CO4 Evaluate the projects and track project deadline by monitori control</li> <li>CO5 Work in teams and communicate with people</li> </ul>	ng &		
	work in teams and communicate with people.			